

APPLICATION FOR GEOSYNTHETIC ACCREDITATION INSTITUTE'S LABORATORY ACCREDITATION PROGRAM

COMPANY NAME: _____

LABORATORY NAME: _____

ADDRESS: _____

PHONE NUMBER: _____

FAX NUMBER: _____

E-MAIL ADDRESS: _____

PRIMARY CONTACT: _____

SECONDARY CONTACT: _____

TYPE OF LABORATORY:

_____ INDEPENDENT COMMERCIAL TESTING LABORATORY

_____ MANUFACTURER'S QC LABORATORY

_____ RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT INSTITUTE

_____ GOVERNMENT

When application is completed please
mail it to George Koerner at:

Geosynthetic Institute

475 Kedron Avenue
Folsom, PA 19033-1208 USA
TEL (610) 522-8440
FAX (610) 522-8441



Application Checklist

The following is an application checklist for the Geosynthetic Institute's Laboratory Accreditation Program. Each of these items is to be completed by the laboratory seeking accreditation. All GAI-LAP labs should conduct business as per ISO 17025 "General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories."

- Completed contact information page (see page 3)
- Marked copy of the test list for which accreditation is sought (see pages 4, 5 and 6)
- Signed accreditation conditions page (see page 7)
- A Quality Manual which follows the outline and intent of ANSI/ASQC Q9001-2008 **"Quality management systems-Requirements"**
- A standard operating procedure (SOP) for each test for which accreditation is sought.
- Laboratory reports for each test identifying the respective ASTM standard requirements in addition to the report requirement of ISO 17025.
- A Document Control Checklist which identifies the status and location of each of the labs quality documents, (i.e. quality manual, quality procedures, data sheets, SOP(s), standards etc.). Such a Document Control Checklist usually gives the document control number, description, date of last revision, location, revision number, and number of pages for each item on the checklist.
- An equipment inventory list which summarizes the company's equipment holding for a particular location.
- A corrective action summary list which reports findings and resolutions of quality issues. Entries may include but are not limited to deficiencies found at audits, customer complaints and quality meeting topics. This corrective action summary list should be used on a regular basis for management review.
- An internal reference material (IRM) list showing that there exist an IRM or reference check for each piece of equipment used to conduct a GAI-LAP accredited test. Such an IRM list usually identifies the method, description, IRM or reference material, units, average, upper control limit, lower control limit and frequency for each GAI-LAP accredited test.

This entire application should to be returned to the Geosynthetic Institute at the address given on the front page. A copy of the application should be retained for your records

List of Test Methods for which Accreditation is sought

Please mark (i.e. circle number or place a check by the number) accordingly

1. ASTM D374 Test Methods for Thickness of Solid Electrical Insulation
2. ASTM D412 Standard Test Method for Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers - Tension
3. ASTM D413 Test Methods for Rubber Property – Adhesion to Flexible Substrate
4. ASTM D471 Test Method for Rubber Property-Effect of Liquids
5. ASTM D570 Test Method for Water Absorption of Plastics
6. ASTM D624 Standard Test Method for Tear Strength of Conventional Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers
7. ASTM D638 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics
8. ASTM D696 Test Method for Coefficient of Linear Thermal Expansion of Plastics
9. ASTM D746 Test Method for Brittleness Temperature of Plastics and Elastomers by Impact
10. ASTM D751 Test Methods for Coated Fabrics (thickness), (mass/unit area), (tongue tear), (grab), (hydrostatic resistance) and/or (bonded seam strength)
11. ASTM D790
12. ASTM D792 Test Method for Specific Gravity (Relative Density) and Density of Plastics by Displacement
13. ASTM D882 Test Methods for Tensile Properties of Thin Plastic Sheeting (strip tensile)
14. ASTM D1004 Test Method for Initial Tear Resistance of Plastic Film and Sheeting
15. ASTM D1149 Test Method for Rubber Deterioration-Surface Ozone Cracking in a Chamber (Flat Specimen)
16. ASTM D1203 Test Method for Volatile Loss from Plastics Using Activated Carbon Methods
17. ASTM D1204 Test Method for Linear Dimensional Changes of Nonrigid Thermoplastic Sheeting or Film at Elevated Temperature
18. ASTM D1238 Test Method for Flow Rates of Thermoplastics by Extrusion Plastometer
19. ASTM D1239 Standard Test Method for Resistance of Plastic Films to Extraction by Chemicals
20. ASTM D1388 Test Method for Stiffness of Fabrics
21. ASTM D1505 Test Method for Density of Plastics by the Density-Gradient Technique
22. ASTM D1593 Specification for Nonrigid Vinyl Chloride Plastic Sheeting (thickness)
23. ASTM D1603 Test Method for Carbon Black in Olefin Plastics
24. ASTM D1621 Test Method for Compressive Properties of Rigid Cellular Plastics
25. ASTM D1693 Test Method for Environmental Stress-Cracking of Ethylene Plastics
26. ASTM D1709 Standard Test Methods for Impact Resistance of Plastic Film by the Free-Falling Dart Method
27. ASTM D1777 Test Method for Measuring Thickness of Textile Materials
28. ASTM D1790 Test Method for Brittleness Temperature of Plastic Film by Impact
29. ASTM D1822 Test Method for Tensile Impact Energy to Break Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials
30. ASTM D1922 Standard Test Method for Propagation Tear Resistance of Plastic Film and Thin Sheeting by Pendulum Method
31. ASTM D1987 Test Method for Biological Clogging of Geotextile or Soil/Geotextile Filters
32. ASTM D2122
33. ASTM D2136 Test Method for Coated Fabrics-Low Temperature Bend Test
34. ASTM D2240 Test Method for Measuring Durometer Hardness
35. ASTM D2412 Standard Test Method for Determination of External Loading Characteristics of Plastic Pipe by Parallel-Plate Loading
36. ASTM D2444 Standard Test Method for Determination of the Impact Resistance of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings by Means of a Tup (Falling Weight)
37. ASTM D3015 Standard Practice for Microscopic Examination of Pigment Dispersion in Plastic Compounds

38. ASTM D3030 Test Method for Volatile Matter (Including Water) of Vinyl Chloride Resins
39. ASTM D3083 *Standard Specification for Flexible Poly (Vinyl Chloride) Plastic Sheeting for Pond, Canal, and Reservoir Lining, (soil burial), (water extraction) and/or (bonded seam strength)*
40. ASTM D3420 Standard Test Method for Pendulum Impact Resistance of Plastic Film
41. ASTM D3776 Test Method for Mass Per Unit Area (Weight) or Woven Fabric
42. ASTM D3786 *Test Method for Hydraulic Burst Strength of Knitted Goods and Nonwoven Fabrics (Diaphragm Bursting Strength Tester Method)*
43. ASTM D3895 Test Methods for Oxidative-Induction Time of Polyolefins by Differential Scanning Calorimetry
44. ASTM D4218 Test Method for Carbon Black Content in Polyethylene Compounds by the Muffle-Furnace Technique
45. ASTM D4355 Test Method for Deterioration of Geotextiles from Exposure to Ultraviolet Light and Water (Xenon-Arc Type Apparatus)
46. ASTM D4437 Standard of Practice for Determining the Integrity of Field Seams Used in Joining Flexible Polymeric Sheet Geomembranes, peel, shear
47. ASTM D4491 Test Methods for Water Permeability of Geotextiles by Permittivity
48. ASTM D4533 Test Method for Index Trapezoidal Tearing Strength of Geotextiles
49. ASTM D4545 Standard Practice for Determining the Integrity of Factory Seams used in Joining Manufactured Flexible Sheet Geomembranes, peel, shear
50. ASTM D4594 Test Methods for Effects of Temperature on Stability of Geotextiles
51. ASTM D4595 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Geotextiles by the Wide-Width Strip Method
52. ASTM D4603 Test Method for Determining Inherent Viscosity of Poly (Ethylene Terephthalate) (PET)
53. ASTM D4632 Test Method for Grab Breaking Load and Elongation of Geotextiles
54. ASTM D4716 Test Method for Determining the (In-Plane) Flow Rate per Unit Width and Hydraulic Transmissivity of a Geosynthetic Using a Constant Head
55. ASTM D4751 Test Method for Determining Apparent Opening Size of a Geotextile
56. ASTM D4833 Test Method for Index Puncture Resistance of Geotextiles, Geomembranes and Related Products
57. ASTM D4884 Test Method for Seam Strength of Sewn Geotextiles
58. ASTM D4885 Test Method for Determining Performance Tensile Strength of Geomembranes Using Wide Strip Testing
59. ASTM D4886 Test Method for Abrasion Resistance of Geotextiles (Sand Paper/Sliding Block Method)
60. ASTM D5034 Test Method for Breaking Strength and Elongation of Textile Fabrics (Grab Method)
61. ASTM D5035 Test Method for Breaking Strength and Elongation of Textile Fabrics (Strip Method)
62. ASTM D5101 Test Method for Measuring the Soil-Geotextile System Clogging Potential by the Gradient Ratio
63. ASTM D5141 Test Method to Determine Filtering Efficiency and Flow Rate of a Geotextile for Silt Fence Application Using Site Specific Soil
64. ASTM D5199 Test Method for Measuring Nominal Thickness of Geotextiles and Geomembranes
65. ASTM D5261 Test Method for Measuring Mass per Unit Area of Geotextiles
66. ASTM D5262 Test Method for Evaluating the Unconfined Tension Creep Behavior of Geosynthetics
67. ASTM D5321 Test Methods for Determining the Coefficient of Soil and Geosynthetic or Geosynthetic and Geosynthetic Friction by the Direct Shear Method
68. ASTM D5322 Standard Practice for Immersion Procedures for Evaluating the Chemical Resistance of Geosynthetics to Liquids
69. ASTM D5323 Determination of 2% Secant Modulus for Polyethylene Geomembranes
70. ASTM D5397 Test Method for Evaluation of Stress Crack Resistance of Polyolefin Geomembranes using Notched Constant Tension Load Test
71. ASTM D5493 Test Method for the Permittivity of Geotextiles Under Load

72. ASTM D5494 Test Methods for the Determination of Pyramidal Puncture Resistance of Unprotected and Protected Geomembranes
73. ASTM D5514 Test Method for Large Scale Hydrostatic Puncture Testing of Geosynthetics]
74. ASTM D5567 Test Methods for Hydraulic Conductivity Ratio (HCR) Testing of Soil/Geotextile Systems
75. ASTM D5596 Test Methods for Microscopic Evaluation of the Dispersion of Carbon Black in Polyolefin Geosynthetics
76. ASTM D5617 Test Methods for Multi-Axial Tension Test for Geosynthetics
77. ASTM D5721 Standard Practice for Air-Oven Aging of Polyolefin Geomembranes
78. ASTM D5747 Practice for Tests to Evaluate the Chemical Resistance of Geosynthetics to Liquids
79. ASTM D5884 Test Method for the Tearing Strength of Internally Reinforced Geomembranes]
80. ASTM D5885 Standard Test Method for Oxidative Induction Time of Polyolefin Geosynthetics by High-Pressure Differential Scanning Calorimetry
81. ASTM D5887 Standard Test Method for Measurement of Index Flux Through Saturated Geosynthetic Clay Liners Specimens Using a Flexible Wall Permeameter]
82. ASTM D5890 Standard Test Method for Swell Index of Clay Mineral Component of Geosynthetic Clay Liners
83. ASTM D5891 Standard Test Method for Fluid Loss of Clay Component of Geosynthetic Clay Liners
84. ASTM D5970 Standard Practice for Deterioration of Geotextiles from Outdoor Exposure
85. ASTM D5993 Test Method for Measuring the Mass Per Unit Area of GCL
86. ASTM D5994 Test Method for Measuring the Core Thickness of Textured Geomembranes
87. ASTM D6140 Test Method to Determine Asphalt Retention of Paving Fabrics Used in Asphalt Paving for Full Width Applications
88. ASTM D6214 Test Method for Determining the Integrity of Field Seams Used in Joining Geomembranes by Chemical Fusion Methods
89. ASTM D6241 Test Method for the Static Puncture Strength of Geotextiles and Geotextile Related Products Using a 50-mm Probe
90. ASTM D6243 Test Method for Determine the Internal and Interface Shear Resistance of Geosynthetic Clay Liners by the Direct Shear Method
91. ASTM D6244 Test Method for Vertical Compression of Geocomposite Pavement Panel Drains
92. ASTM D6364 Method for Determining the Short-Term Compression Behavior of Geosynthetics
93. ASTM D6392 Standard Test Method for Determining the Integrity of Nonreinforced Geomembrane Seams Produced Using Thermo-Fusion Method
94. ASTM D6454 Test Method for Determining the Short-Term Compression Behavior of Turf Reinforcement Mats (TRMs)
95. ASTM D6459- Standard Test Method for Determination of Rolled Erosion Control Product (RECP) Performance in Protecting Hillslopes from Rainfall-Induced Erosion
96. ASTM D6460- Standard Test Method for Determination of Rolled Erosion Control Product (RECP) Performance in Protecting Earthen Channels from Stormwater-Induced Erosion
97. ASTM D6475 Test Method for Measuring Mass Per Unit Area of Erosion Control Blankets
98. ASTM D6496 Test Method for Determining the Average Bonding Peel Strength Between Top and Bottom Layers of Needle-Punched Geosynthetic Clay Liners
99. ASTM D6524 Test Method for Measuring the Resiliency of Turf Reinforcement Mats (TRMs)
100. ASTM D6525 Test Method for Measuring Nominal Thickness of Permanent Erosion Control Products
101. ASTM D6566 Test Method for Measuring Mass per Unit Area of Turf Reinforcement Mats (TRMs)
102. ASTM D6567 Test Method for Measuring Light Penetration of Turf Reinforcement Mat (TRM)
103. ASTM D6574 Test Method for Determining the In-Plane Hydraulic Transmissivity of a Geosynthetic by Radial Flow
104. ASTM D6575 Test Method for Determining Stiffness of Geosynthetics used as Turf Reinforcement Mats (TRMs)
105. ASTM D6636 Test Method for Determination of Ply Adhesion Strength of Reinforced Geomembranes

- 106.ASTM D6637 Test Method for Determining Tensile Properties of Geogrids by the Single or Multi-Rib Tensile Method
- 107.ASTM D6638 Test Method for Determining Connection Strength Between Geosynthetic Reinforcement and Segmental Concrete Units (Modular Concrete Blocks)
- 108.ASTM D6693 Test Method for Determining Tensile Properties of Nonreinforced Polyethylene and Nonreinforced Flexible Polypropylene Geomembranes
- 109.ASTM D6706 Test Method for Determining Pull-Out Resistance of Geosynthetics
- 110.ASTM D6766 Test Method for Evaluation of Hydraulic Properties of Geosynthetic Clay Liners Permeated with Potentially Incompatible Liquids
- 111.ASTM D6767 Test Method for Pore Size Characteristics of Geotextiles by Capillary Flow Test
- 112.ASTM D6768 Test Method for Tensile Strength of Geosynthetic Clay Liners
- 113.ASTM D6818 Test Method for Ultimate Tensile Properties of Turf Reinforcement Mats
- 114.ASTM D6916 Test Method for Determining the Shear Strength Between Segmental Concrete Units (Modular Concrete Blocks)
- 115.ASTM D6918 Test Method for Testing Vertical Strip Drains in the Crimped Condition
- 116.ASTM D6992 Test Method for Time-Temperature Superposition Using Stepped Isothermal Method
- 117.ASTM D7003 Test Method for Strip Tensile Properties of Reinforced Geomembranes
- 118.ASTM D7004 Test Method for Grab Tensile Properties of Reinforced Geomembranes
- 119.ASTM D7005 Test Method for Determining the Bond Strength (Ply Adhesion) of Geocomposites
- 120.ASTM D7056 Test Method for Determining the Tensile Shear Strength of Prefabricated Bituminous Geomembrane Seams
- 121.ASTM D7101 Standard Index Test Method for Determination of Unvegetated Rolled Erosion Control Product (RECP) Ability to Protect Soil from Rain Splash and Associated Runoff Under Bench-Scale Conditions
- 122.ASTM D7179 Test Method for Determining Geonet Breaking Force
- 123.ASTM D7207 Standard Test Method for Determination of Unvegetated Rolled Erosion Control Product (RECP) Ability to Protect Sand from Hydraulically-Induced Shear Stresses under Bench-Scale Conditions
- 124.ASTM D7238 Standard Test Method for Effect of Exposure of Unreinforced Polyolefin Geomembrane Using Fluorescent UV Condensation Apparatus
- 125.ASTM D7272 Test Method for Determining the Integrity of Seams Used in Joining Geomembranes by Pre-manufactured Taped Methods
- 126.ASTM D7274 Test Method for Mineral Stabilizer Content of Prefabricated Bituminous Geomembranes (BGM)
- 127.ASTM D7275 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Bituminous Geomembranes (BGM)
- 128.ASTM D7322 Test Method for RECP germination
- 129.ASTM D7351- Standard Test Method for Determination of Sediment Retention Device Effectiveness in Sheet Flow Applications
- 130.ASTM D7361 Test Method for Compressive SIM
- 131.ASTM D7406 Test Method for Time-Dependent (Creep) Deformation Under Constant Pressure for Geosynthetic Drainage Products
- 132.ASTM D7409 Standard Test Method for Carboxyl End Group Content of Polyethylene Terephthalate (PET) Yarns
- 133.ASTM D7466 Test Method for Measuring the Asperity Height of Textured Geomembrane
- 134.ASTM E96 Test Method for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials
- 135.ASTM E794 Test Method for Melting And Crystallization Temperatures By Thermal Analysis
- 136.ASTM F904 Test Method for Comparison of Bond Strength or Ply Adhesion of Similar Laminates Made from Flexible Materials
- 137.ASTM F2136 Standard Test Method for Notched, Constant Ligament-Stress (NCLS) Test to Determine Slow-Crack-Growth Resistance of HDPE Resins or HDPE Corrugated Pipe
- ~~ASTM G53 Standard Practice for Operating Light and Water Exposure Apparatus (Fluorescent UV Condensation Type) for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials (see ASTM G154)~~

- 138.ASTM G154 Practice for Operating Fluorescent Light Apparatus for UV Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials
- 139.ASTM G155 Practice for Operating Xenon Arc Light Apparatus for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials
- 140.ASTM G160 Standard Practice for Evaluating Microbial Susceptibility of Nonmetallic Materials by Laboratory Soil Burial
- 141.FTM STD. No. 101c (method 2065), Puncture Resistance and Elongation Test (1/8 in. radius probe)
- 142.GRI GG-1 Geogrid Rib Tensile Strength
- 143.GRI GG-2 Geogrid Junction Strength
- 144.GRI GG-7 Carboxyl End Group Content of PET Yarns
- 145.GRI GG-8 Determination of the Number Average Molecular Weight of PET Yarns Based on Relative Viscosity Value
- 146.GRI GM-11 Accelerated Weathering of Geomembranes Using a Fluorescent UVA Device
- 147.GRI GM-12 Asperity Measurement of Textured Geomembranes Using a Depth Gage
- 148.GRI GC-7 Determination of Adhesion and Bond Strength of Geocomposites
- 149.GRI GS-7 Determining the Index Friction Properties of Geosynthetics
- 150.ISO 34 Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Determination of Tear Strength – Part 1: Trouser, angle and crescent test pieces
- 151.ISO 179 Plastics – Determination of the Charpy impact properties – Part 1: Non-instrumented impact test Part 2: Instrumented impact test
- 152.ISO 527 Plastics – Determination of Tensile properties – Part 3: Test conditions for films and sheets
- 153.ISO 811 Textile Fabrics – Determination of Resistance to water Penetration – Hydrostatic Pressure Test
- 154.ISO 1133 Plastics – Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and the melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics
- 155.ISO 1183 Plastics – Methods for determining the density of non-cellular plastics – Part 1: Immersion method, liquid pycnometer method and titration method, Part 2: Density gradient column method, Part 3: Gas pycnometer method
- 156.ISO 2528 Sheet materials – Determination of water vapor transmission rate – Gravimetric (dish) method
- 157.ISO 6427 Plasticizers in PVC (estimate of extractables and their identification by means of GC)
- 158.ISO 6964 Polyolefin pipes and fittings – Determination of carbon black content by calcinations and pyrolysis – test method and basic specification
- 159.ISO 9863 Geotextiles - Determination of thickness at specified pressure
- 160.ISO 9864 Geotextiles - Determination of mass per unit area
- 161.ISO 10319 Geotextiles - Wide width tensile test
- 162.ISO 10321 Geotextiles - Tensile test for joints/seams by wide-width method
- 163.ISO 10722 Geotextiles and geotextiles - related products – Procedure for simulating damage during installation Part 1: Installation in granular materials
- 164.ISO 10769 Clay geosynthetic barriers (GBR-C) – Determination of Water Absorption of Bentonite
- 165.ISO 10773 Clay geosynthetic barriers – Determination of Permeability to Gases
- 166.ISO 11058 Geotextiles and geotextiles – related products - Determination of water permeability characteristics normal to the plane, without load
- 167.ISO 11357 Plastics – Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) – Part 1: General principles, Part 2: Determination of the glass transition temperature, Part 3: determination of the temperature and enthalpy of melting and crystallization, Part 4: Determination of the specific heat capacity
- 168.ISO 11358 Plastics – Thermogravimetry (TG) of polymers – Part 1: General principles, Part 2: Determination of activation energy
- 169.ISO 11359 Plastics – Thermomechanical analysis (TMA) – Part 1: General principles, Part 2: Determination of coefficient of linear thermal expansion and glass transition temperature, Part 3: Determination of penetration temperature

- 170.ISO 12236 Geotextiles and geotextiles - related products – Static puncture test (CBR test)
- 171.ISO 12956 Geotextiles and geotextiles - related products – Determination of the characteristic opening size
- 172.ISO 12957 Geosynthetics – Determination of friction characteristics Part 1: Direct shear test, Part 2: Inclined plane test
- 173.ISO 12958 Geotextiles and geotextiles - related products – Determination of water flow capacity in their plane
- 174.ISO 12960 Geotextiles and geotextiles - related products – Screening test method for determining the resistance to liquids
- 175.ISO 13426 Geotextiles and geotextiles - related products – Strength of internal structural junctions – Part 1: Geocells Part 2: Geocomposites
- 176.ISO 13427 Geotextiles and geotextiles - related products – Abrasion damage simulation (sliding block test)
- 177.ISO 13428 Geosynthetics – Determination of the protection efficiency of a geosynthetic against impact damage
- 178.ISO 13430 Geotextiles and geotextiles – related products - Determination of pullout resistance in soil
- 179.ISO 13431 Geotextiles and geotextiles – related products - Determination of the tensile creep and creep rupture behavior
- 180.ISO 13433 Geotextiles and geotextiles - related products – Dynamic perforation test (cone drop test)
- 181.ISO 13436 Geosynthetic barriers - Determination of permeability to liquids
- 182.ISO 13438 Geotextiles and geotextiles - related products – Screening test method for determining the resistance to oxidation
- 183.ISO 13934 Textiles – Tensile properties of fabrics – Part 1: Determination of maximum force and elongation at the maximum force using the strip method, Part 2: Determination of maximum force using the grab method
- 184.ISO 13939 Geotextiles and geotextiles - related products – Screening test method for determining the resistance to hydrolysis
- 185.ISO 17011 Conformity assessment - General requirements for accreditation bodies accrediting conformity assessment bodies
- 186.ISO 17025 General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories
- 187.EN 728 Plastic piping and ducting systems – Polyolefin pipes and fittings – Determination of oxidation induction time
- 188.EN 12224 Geotextiles and geotextiles - related products – Determination of the resistance to weathering
- 189.EN 12225 Geotextiles and geotextiles - related products - Method for determining the microbiological resistance by a soil burial test
- 190.EN 12447 Geotextiles and geotextiles - related products – Screening test method for determining the resistance to hydrolysis
- 191.EN 13562 Geotextiles and geotextiles - related products – Determination of resistance to penetration by water (hydrostatic pressure test)

Accreditation Conditions

To attain and maintain accreditation an applicant must agree to all of the following:

- Cooperate with GAI to verify compliance with the requirements of the GAI-LAP.
- Comply with the criteria, requirements and conditions of accreditation.
- Claim that it is accredited only with respect to the particular test methods for which it has been granted accreditation.
- Agree to the following fee schedule:
 - First year - \$3,500 to join the program plus auditors expenses incurred at on-site audit.
 - Annual fee - \$2,500 regardless of the number of tests for which accreditation is sought.
Note, a tiered 25%, 50%, 75% discount is applied to multiple labs within the same parent organization.
 - Years 5, 10, 15 etc. - A fee of \$3,500 plus auditors expenses incurred at on-site audit.
- Upon suspension, withdrawal or expiration of accreditation, discontinue use of certificates and all advertising that contains reference to the accreditation program.
- Accreditation is terminated for any given test upon permanently moving equipment to a facility not physically attached to the building originally audited.
- Not use the GAI accreditation certificate in a misleading manner as to imply that the accreditation suggests approval of the final report of test data.
- Inform GAI of changes to key personnel (i.e. laboratory technical manager or quality manager) within one week after the change at a minimum. Note that notification prior to the change is appreciated but not mandatory.
- Carry out adjustments to its procedures in response to due notice by GAI at a mutually agreed upon timely fashion.

As the applicant laboratory's authorized representative, I agree to the above conditions for accreditation and that all statements on this application are correct to the best of my knowledge.

Signature _____ Title

Printed Name _____ Date